



THE ARMY'S TRANSIENT HOUSING (LODGING) PRIVATIZATION INITIATIVE (PAL)

PROGRAM OVERVIEW / UPDATE

PAL Program Office
Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Installations and Environment
Headquarters, Department of the Army



PAL PROGRAM GOAL AND OBJECTIVES

Goal:

Improve the quality of transient lodging facilities throughout the continental United States, Alaska and Hawaii, supporting Soldiers and their families by privatizing the lodging function

Objectives:

- Eliminate substandard Army lodging by 2014
- Improve quality of life for Soldiers and their families
- Use of private sector capital and best practices
- Overcome \$1B+ revitalization backlog
- Provide for long-term sustainment
- Capitalize on success of a proven initiative
- Transfer non-core function



WHY STRUCTURAL CHANGE IS NEEDED

Current State of Army Lodging:

- Substandard facilities approaching a critical need for repair
- Inefficient operations
- No comprehensive long-term sustainment plan
- No appropriated funds available

Why Private Sector is Best Solution:

- Removes Army from a non-core competency function
- Can complete replacement & renovation quickly and efficiently
- Can deliver and sustain the facilities over the term of the lease
- Private sector best practices will deliver an affordable, customer- oriented lodging operation to the Service



Environment)



Aberdeen Proving Ground



Fort Polk



Environment)



Redstone Arsenal



Fort Hood



Environment)



Fort Benning



Fort Meade



Environment)

KEY PROGRAM CHARACTERISTICS

- Natural expansion of a proven initiative (RCI)
- Financial analysis vetted through ASA(FM&C), ABO, ACSIM
- Program is completely self-sustaining
 - No APF subsidy of operations
 - Includes long-term recapitalization
- Project reimburses government for all municipal services provided (i.e., utilities, waste management, fire and police)
- No government guarantees (financial or occupancy)
- Owner earnings limited to fees earned at negotiated rates
- Private sector institutes best practices and commercial standards (meeting or exceeding Army Lodging standards)



Environment)

PRIVATIZATION PARAMETERS

- Private developer assumes the business risk
 - NO occupancy guarantees
 - NO guarantees against base closure, downsizing, or deployment
- NOT classified as government quarters
 - Travelers choose where they stay
- NO government cash contribution
 - Land lease and conveyed assets only
- NO government involvement in day-to-day operations
- Developer reimburses government for municipal services



Environment)

KEYS TO PROGRAM SUCCESS

- Competitively select developer/operator
- Allow private sector to institute best practices through transfer of noncore function
- Avoid unnecessary levels of government involvement
- Maintain comprehensive Portfolio and Asset Management (PAM) program (RCI model) to monitor project performance
- Protect the Army's interests through the PAM process and the lease



Environment)

Solicitation W912DR-04-R-0082

- RFQ was issued 28 Oct 05
- RFQ responses received 13 Dec 05
- SSEB Phase 1 completed 2 Feb 06
 - Highly Qualified Competitive Group (HQCG) identified
- Phase II commenced 2 Feb 06
- Documents Room furnished to the HQCG 1 Mar 06
- Phase II Site visits started 21 March 06
- Oral presentations start 10 Jul 06
- SSA Selects offeror to prepare LDMP Sep 06
- LDMP completed and Group A operations transferred Sep 07